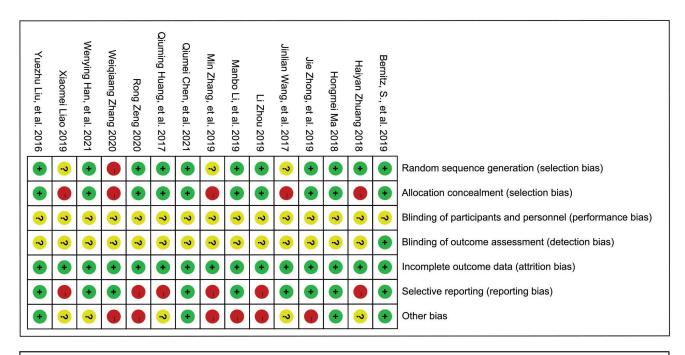
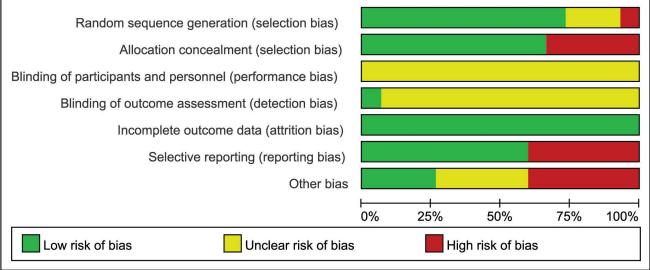


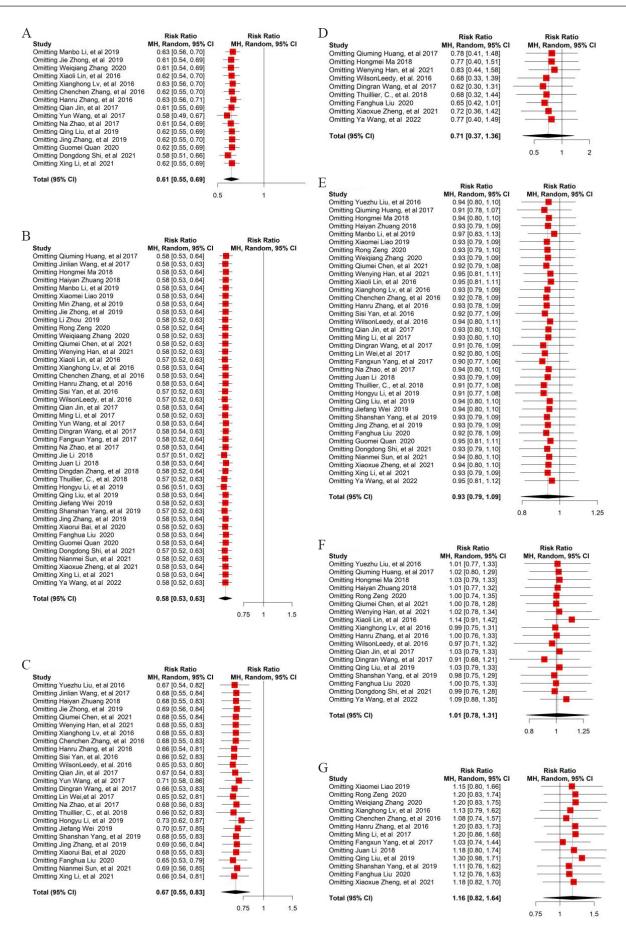
Database	#	Search Details	Results		
Pubmed	1	("0001/01/01"[Date - Publication]:	24 094 275		
	1	"2022/12/07"[Date - Publication])	34,984,275		
	2	(labor zhang's[Title/Abstract]) OR (labour zhang's[Title/Abstract])	36		
		(new labor zhang's[Title/Abstract]) OR (new labour			
	3	zhang's[Title/Abstract])	13		
	4	(new labor management[Title/Abstract]) OR (new	30		
		labour management[Title/Abstract])			
	5	(contemporary labor[Title/Abstract]) OR	25		
		(contemporary labour[Title/Abstract])			
	6	#1 AND #2 OR #3 OR #4 OR #5	90		
Web of Science	1	TS=(labor, obstetric)	75,949		
		(AB=(new management)) OR TS=(contemporary			
	2	management)	1498		
	3	(AB=(new management)) OR TS=(contemporary	553,505		
		management)	333,303		
	4	#1 AND #2 AND #3	3		
	5	Timespan: 1950-01-01 to 2022-12-07	3		
Embase	1	labor management/mj	478		
	2	contemporary	132,969		
	3	new	6,969,918		
	4	zhang	1,205,116		
	5	#2 OR #3 OR #4	8,026,138		
	6	#1 AND #5	110		
	1	MeSH descriptor: [Labor, Obstetric] this term only	1118		
C1	2	(management):ti,ab,kw	139,876		
Cochrane	3	(new OR contemporary):ti,ab,kw	145,212		
	4	#1 AND #2 AND #3	10		
CNKI	1	'new labor standards' AND 'pregnancy outcomes'	76		
		1 0			
VIP	1	'new labor standards' AND 'pregnancy outcomes'	60		
Vangfang Database	1	'new labor standards' AND 'pregnancy outcomes'	58		
Total			407		

Supplementary Figure 1. Search strategy.

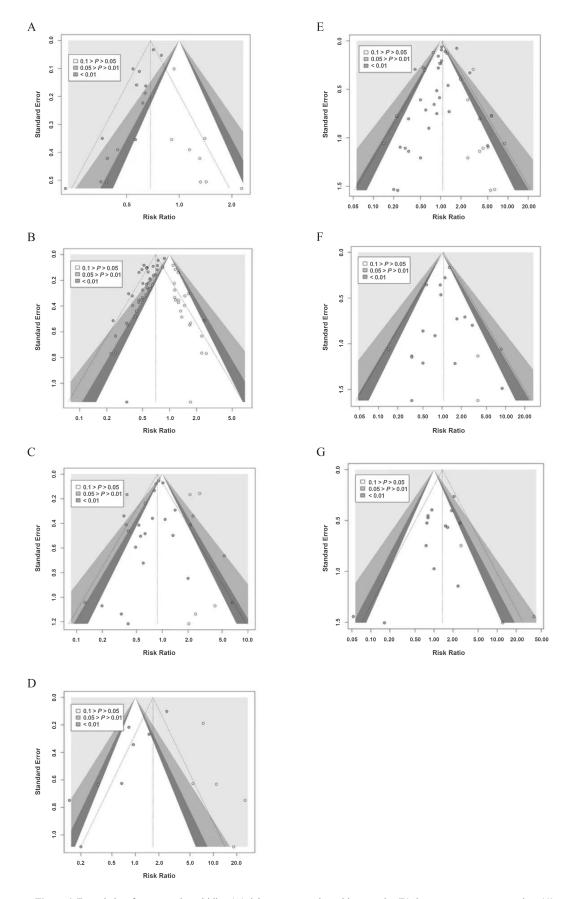




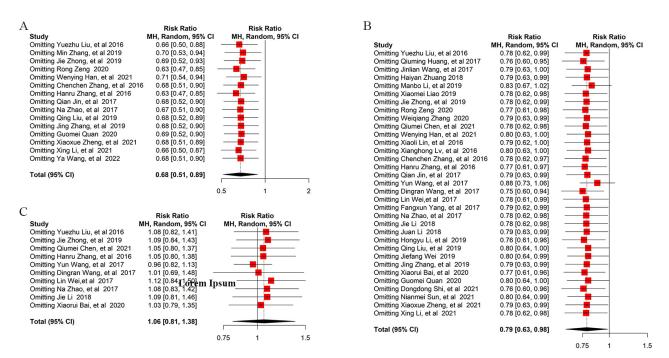
Supplementary Figure 2. Risk of bias of RCTs. RCTs: randomized controlled trials.



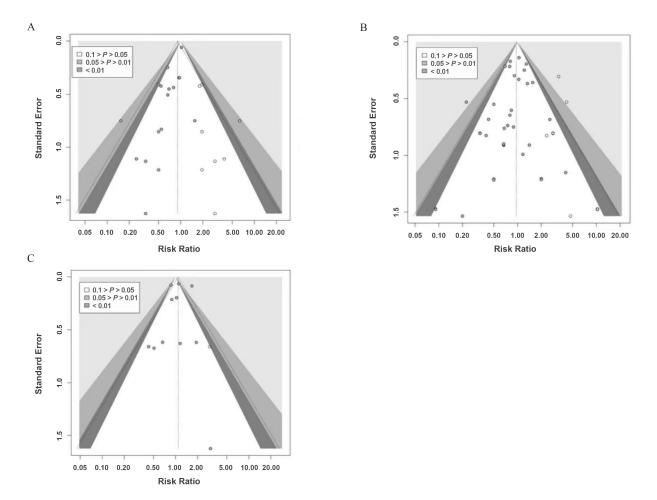
Supplementary Figure 3. Sensitivity analysis for maternal morbidity. (A): labor augmentation with oxytocin. (B): intrapartum cesarean section; (C): operative vaginal delivery. (D): 3rd- and 4th- degree perineal laceration. (E): postpartum hemorrhage. (F): infectious morbidity (chorioamnionitis, endometritis and puerperal infection). (G): postpartum urine retention.



Supplementary Figure 4. Funnel plots for maternal morbidity. (A): labor augmentation with oxytocin. (B): intrapartum cesarean section. (C): operative vaginal delivery. (D): 3rd- and 4th- degree perineal laceration. (E): postpartum hemorrhage. (F): infectious morbidity (chorioamnionitis, endometritis and puerperal infection). (G): postpartum urine retention.



Supplementary Figure 5. Sensitivity analysis for neonatal morbidity. (A): fetal distress. (B): neonatal asphyxia. (C): neonatal intensive care unit admission.



Supplementary Figure 6. Funnel plots for neonatal morbidity. (A): fetal distress. (B): neonatal asphyxia. (C): neonatal intensive care unit admission.

Table S1: Risk of bias assessment using the NOS of included cohort studies

Studies	Selection	Comparability	Outcome	Total score	Quality score
Lin et al. 2016 ^[30]	***	**	*	7	High
Lv et al. 2016 ^[31]	**	*	**	5	Low
Zhang et al. 2016 ^[32]	***	**	*	6	Low
Zhang 2016 ^[33]	***	**	**	8	High
Jin 2017 ^[34]	**	*	**	5	Low
Li et al. 2017 ^[35]	**	*	*	4	Low
Wang et al. 2017 ^[36]	***	*	**	6	Low
Wang et al. 2017 ^[37]	***	*	**	7	High
Wei et al. 2017 ^[38]	***	*	**	7	High
Yang 2017 ^[39]	***	*	*	6	Low
Zhao <i>et al.</i> 2017 ^[40]	**	**	**	6	Low
Li 2018 ^[41]	***	*	**	7	High
Li 2018 ^[42]	***	**	**	8	High
Zhang 2018 ^[43]	***	*	**	7	High
Li et al. 2019 ^[44]	***	*	**	7	High
Liu et al. 2019 ^[45]	***	**	**	7	High
Wei 2019 ^[46]	**	*	**	5	Low
Yang et al. 2019 ^[47]	***	*	**	6	Low
Zhang et al. 2019 ^[48]	***	*	**	6	Low
Bai and Xue 2020 ^[49]	***	*	**	6	Low
Liu 2020 ^[50]	***	**	**	7	High
Quan 2020 ^[51]	**	**	*	5	Low
Shi et al. 2021 ^[52]	***	**	**	7	High
Sun et al. 2021 ^[53]	***	*	*	5	Low
Zheng et al. 2021 ^[54]	**	*	**	5	Low
Li et al. 2021 ^[55]	***	**	**	7	High
Wang et al. 2022 ^[56]	***	*	**	6	Low

One "asterisk" denotes 1 point. A maximum of 9 stars be allotted to each study. NOS: Newcastle-Ottawa scale.